

# **Planning Report**

122-124 Saxton Street, Numurkah Lot 1 TP20328

Use and development of land for eight (8) dwellings

Amended 8<sup>th</sup> May 2024

## Contents

2. Introduction	4
3. Site Description	5
3.1 The subject site	5
4. The proposal	6
5. Planning assessment	7
5.1 Moira Planning Scheme	7
5.2 Planning Provisions	8
5.3 Zones & Overlays	12
5.4 General Provisions	13
6. Planning Discussion	15
7. Conclusion	15
appendix 1 - Clause 55 Assessment	16

## 1. Executive Summary

**Site Details** 

Address 122-124 Saxton Street, Numurkah

Lot Description Lot 1 TP20328
Area 1373.56m<sup>2</sup>

Local Authority Moira Shire Council

Current Use Dwelling, shed & outbuilding Title Lot 1 on Title Plan 20328

Registered Proprietors Shelly Thomas & Elizabeth Gregory

**Planning Authority** 

State Department of Transport and Planning – Victorian

Government

Local Moira Shire Council

**Planning Scheme Provisions** 

Planning Scheme Moira Planning Scheme

Locality Numurkah

Zone General Residential Zone (GRZ1)

Permit Triggers Clause 32.08-7 Construction and extension of two or

more dwellings on a lot, dwellings on common property

and residential buildings.

**Application Details** 

Applicant Planography Pty Ltd

Proposal Construction of eight (8) dwellings (units)

Application Type Use and Development

#### 2. Introduction

This report has been prepared in support of a planning permit application to use and develop land at 122-124 Saxton Street, Numurkah. The planning permit is sought for the construction of eight (8) dwellings (units).

The site is located within the General Residential Zone (GRZ1) of the Moira Planning Scheme.

This report provides an assessment of the proposal against the provisions of the Planning Policy Framework, and other relevant provisions of the Moira Planning Scheme.

This report is to be read in conjunction with the following accompanying documentation:

- Appendix 1 Clause 55 Assessment
- Appendix 2 Certificate of Title
- Appendix 3 Site, Floor & Elevation Plans, Shadow Diagrams, Existing Site Plan & Survey, Site Analysis, Landscape Plan, Roof Plan, Site Plan Vehicle Movements in and out.

Through this report, and the enclosed supporting documentation, it is demonstrated that the proposed development represents an appropriate response to the application planning policies of the Moira Planning Scheme and the relevant neighbourhood character objectives of the area.

## 3. Site Description

The site is legally described as Lot 1 TP20328. The property contains an existing dwelling, shed and outbuildings and has an area of  $1373.56m^2$ .

## The subject site:

Figure 1: Subject Site



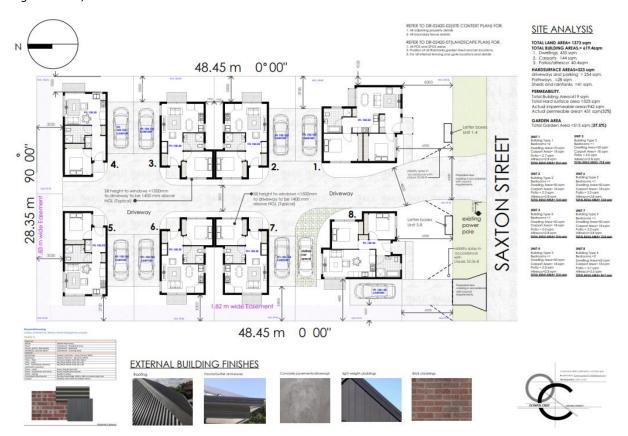
Subject Site

#### 4. Proposal

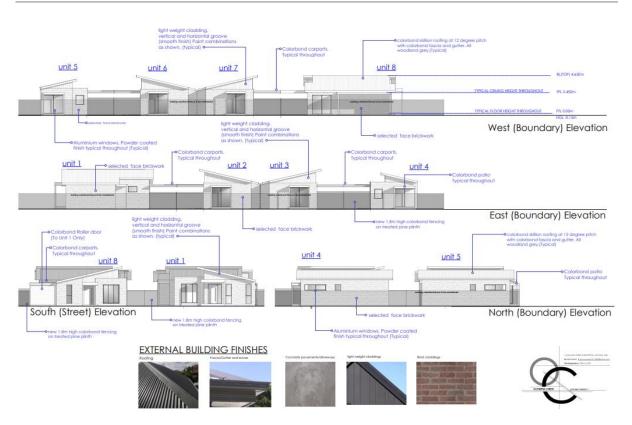
This application seeks a permit for the use and development of land for eight (8) dwellings (units) on land that is 1373.56m<sup>2</sup>. The proposed total building area is 619.4m<sup>2</sup>.

- Unit 1 93.5m², 2 Bedrooms
- Unit 2 72.8m², 1 Bedroom
- Unit 3 72.8m², 1 Bedroom
- Unit 4 72.8m², 1 Bedroom
- Unit 5 72.8m², 1 Bedroom
- Unit 6 72.8m², 1 Bedroom
- Unit 7 72.8m², 1 Bedroom
- Unit 8 85.7m², 2 Bedrooms

Figure 2: Site, Floor & Elevation Plans



Site & Floor Plan



**Elevation Plans** 

#### 5. Planning Assessment

#### 5.1 Moira Planning Scheme

The land is governed by the Moira Planning Scheme, with Moira Shire Council being the Responsible Authority. The relevant clauses of the Moira Planning Scheme include:

### VPP

- Clause 02.03-1 Settlement (Numurkah)
- Clause 02.03-6 Housing
- Clause 11.01-1S Settlement
- Clause 11.01-1L Settlement Urban growth and consolidation
- Clause 15.01-1L Urban design
- Clause 15.01-5S Neighbourhood character
- Clause 16.01-S Housing supply
- Clause 16.01L Housing supply in Moira
- Clause 16.01-2S Housing affordability
- Clause 19.03-3S Integrated water management

#### Zones & Overlays

Clause 32.08 General Residential Zone 1

#### The permit triggers include:

Clause No.	Clause name	Details
32.08-7	GRZ1	Construction and extension of two or more dwellings on a lot, dwellings on common property and residential buildings.

#### 5.2 Planning Provisions

#### 5.2.1 Planning policy Framework

#### Clause 02.03-1 Settlement (Numurkah)

Numurkah is an attractive residential lifestyle location thanks to its health, education and sporting facilities and its convenient location from Shepparton, Cobram and Nathalia. Agriculture and processing industries drive local employment and the broader economy with major oilseed processors and rail freight servicing the town. Numurkah is also home to the Kinnaird's Wetlands.

#### Council seeks to:

- Promote the orderly development of urban areas.
- Direct residential use and development to existing urban centres and rural living areas, where there is no adverse impact on rural activities.
- Focus the growth of smaller towns and settlements to areas where existing infrastructure provides capacity to accommodate the growth.
- Maintain and enhance the role of each settlement.

#### Comment:

It is considered appropriate to encourage infill residential development, particularly affordable housing into established residential areas. Numurkah provides its community with sporting clubs and facilities, public parks, public transport, aged care, schools and a well set-out shopping centre. The additional housing in Saxton Street is key to the shortfall in supply of housing in this rural township.

#### Clause 02.03-6 Housing

Moira's ageing population and diverse population mix is likely to lead to an increasing demand for a range of housing and community services.

This includes alternatives to traditional family housing, especially the provision of medium density housing, accommodation to suit the housing needs of young people and affordable housing.

Increased housing options are needed particularly in the four large urban centres of Cobram, Yarrawonga, Numurkah and Nathalia, where there is greater access to both physical and social services.

#### Council seeks to:

- Encourage a diverse range of housing options for the existing and future population.
- Facilitate the provision of housing that is affordable within walking distance to facilities or where such facilities are accessible by public transport.

#### Comment:

The development of the land to construct eight new alternative style homes that will accommodate a diverse population mix will achieve the intent of this provision. The proposed layout of each dwelling has been carefully designed to be cost effective and more affordable when compared to the current housing stock available in Numurkah. The location is situated within close proximity to community infrastructure and public transport which is important to ensure that there is a connection with community.

#### Clause 11.01-15 Settlement

To facilitate the sustainable growth and development of Victoria and deliver choice and opportunity for all Victorians through a network of settlements.

#### Comment:

The proposed unit development is consistent with the settlement objective and supports the strategy for growth within the regional town of Numurkah. There is a current demand for affordable and diverse housing opportunities in Numurkah and the State Government have ensured that the supply is being met through policy objectives and through the encouragement of fast approvals for dwellings statewide.

#### Clause 11.01-1L Settlement - Urban growth and consolidation

Discourage residential growth outside the nominated settlement boundaries.

#### **Comment:**

The infill development implements the settlement strategy by providing affordable housing within close proximity to key urban locations. The additional eight dwellings in Saxton Street will implement the objectives of the *Numurkah Structure Plan*.

#### Clause 15.01-1L Urban design

Encourage landscaping in new development to mitigate the impact of buildings on the surrounds and provide additional vegetation in the canopy.

#### Comment:

Landscaping within the unit development will assist to provide green space and permeable areas. A landscaping plan has been prepared for the proposal. The layout of the homes within this development includes common property which will be landscaped with plants and surfaces that provide attractive and enjoyable open space.

#### Clause 15.01-5S Neighbourhood character

To recognise, support and protect neighbourhood character, cultural identity, and sense of place.

#### Comment:

The site is located in an established residential area where the predominant built form is a combination of single dwellings on single allotments. The proposal has been designed to maximise integration with the surrounding urban environment. The integration of landscaping with plantings that will enhance the property and its street appeal will be in-keeping with the character of Numurkah.

#### Clause 16.01-S Housing supply

To facilitate well-located, integrated and diverse housing that meets community needs.

#### Comment:

The proposed homes to be constructed address key elements in housing needs for diversity in age and family types throughout the Numurkah community. The stand-out portion of this rural population includes the retired farming community who need to be closer to a range of key facilities including medical, social and transport services. There are also small families who do not need traditional style or sized homes or yards. It is considered that the proposal is achieving a supply of homes that are currently lacking within this community.

#### Clause 16.01-L Housing supply in Moira

Encourage medium density housing in Cobram and Nathalia within walking distance to:

- The town centre.
- Public open space.
- Public transport.

Encourage medium density housing in Numurkah:

- Around the commercial fringe of the town centre, particularly near public open space.
- On land in Development Plan Overlay (Schedule 11), east of Corke Street.

Encourage a mix of housing types, particularly smaller housing units in Yarrawonga near the Central Business District.

Promote a wide range of housing opportunities in urban areas that respond to the housing needs of the population through all stages of the lifecycle.

Locate alternative forms of supported housing, such as retirement and nursing homes, in existing urban centres that are accessible to community and social infrastructure.

#### Comment:

It is considered that the township of Numurkah is in need of appropriate housing for all of its population. The existing housing stock has its place with larger yards and more bedrooms, however there is a growing need for the distribution of a more diverse type of housing style and size that caters for the greater population and future generations. The sustainability of Numurkah as a vibrant town is reliant upon a settled and content community that not only want to continue living in the township but can also find a home to live in and is affordable to do so. The construction of eight new affordable dwellings are in direct response to a current supply shortfall in housing that is occurring in Numurkah.

#### Clause 16.01-2S Housing affordability

To deliver more affordable housing closer to jobs, transport and services.

Increase the supply of well-located affordable housing by:

- Facilitating a mix of private, affordable and social housing in suburbs, activity centres and urban renewal precincts.
- Ensuring the redevelopment and renewal of public housing stock better meets community needs.

Facilitate the delivery of social housing by identifying surplus government land suitable for housing.

#### Comment:

The homes being proposed in this development are well-designed with the needs of smaller families in mind. The homes are attractive and have landscaped gardens with communal space in addition to their own private yards. There is safe parking and accessibility throughout. The affordability of these homes in comparison to the current housing stock currently available in Numurkah is important if this objective is to be achieved. The ability to achieve affordable homes largely depends on the government requirements and bureaucracy. The timeframe for providing the homes whist obtaining a profit from the build is very marginal and can destroy the project if delayed.

#### Clause 19.03-3S Integrated water management

To sustainably manage water supply and demand, water resources, wastewater, drainage and stormwater through an integrated water management approach.

#### Comment:

The proposed stormwater management system will be designed in accordance with the Infrastructure Design Manual and to the Council's regulation. There are several methods available in water management and each site has its own specific needs. We will rely on the advice and direction of the Council Engineering Department.

#### 5.3 Zones & Overlays

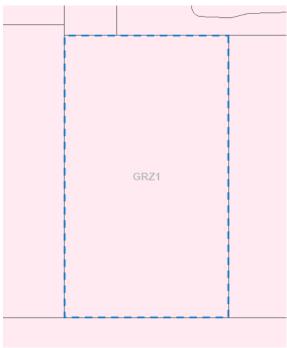
#### Clause 32.08 General Residential Zone 1

#### **Purpose**

- To implement the Municipal Planning Strategy and the Planning Policy Framework.
- To encourage development that respects the neighbourhood character of the area.
- To encourage a diversity of housing types and housing growth particularly in locations offering good access to services and transport.
- To allow educational, recreational, religious, community and a limited range of other non-residential uses to serve local community needs in appropriate locations.

#### Comment

A permit is required to use and develop this site for more than one (1) dwelling. The proposal increases the density and provides a diversity of housing types within close proximity to the centre of Numurkah. The design of the dwellings achieves the relevant objectives of Clause 55.



**General Residential Zone 1** 

#### **5.4 General Provisions**

Relevant Issues	Response
The matters set out in Section 60 of the Planning & Environment Act 1987.	A review of section 60 did not identify any matters of concern that were considered to prevent this planning application from being approved.
The Municipal Planning Strategy and the Planning Policy Framework.	The proposal generally meets all of the objectives of the Planning Scheme in relation to the Municipal Planning Strategy and the Planning Policy Framework.
The purpose of the zone, overlay or other provision.	The proposal generally meets all of the objectives of the GRZ1.
Any matter required to be considered in the zone, overlay or other provisions.	The proposal generally meets the purpose of the GRZ1.
The orderly planning of the area.	Complies as it provides higher density housing within the central Numurkah area.
The effect on the amenity of the area.	The proposed development is not considered to be in a location that will impact on the amenity of the area. The proposed setbacks ensure adequate distance from adjoining properties and the road frontage.
The proximity of the land to any public land.	The land is not abutting any public land.
Factors likely to cause or contribute to land degradation, salinity or reduce water quality.	The proposal has taken into account the need for the protection of soil on the land.
Whether the proposed development is designed to maintain or improve the quality of stormwater within and exiting the site	The stormwater will be managed according to the requirements of the Responsible Authority.

The extent and character of native vegetation and the Likelihood of its destruction.	No native vegetation will be removed.
Whether native vegetation is to be or can be protected, planted or allowed to regenerate.	The site does not contain native vegetation.
The degree of flood, erosion or fire hazard associated with the location of the land and the use, development or management of the land so as to minimise any such hazard.	There are no significant environment concerns for the subject site.
The adequacy of loading and unloading facilities and any associated amenity, traffic flow and road safety impacts.	This proposal is not considered to be a generator of heavy traffic.

#### 6. Planning Discussion

The proposed multi-unit development is considered to meet the objectives of the General Residential Zone (GRZ1), and other related provisions for infill residential development.

Planning policy seeks to provide a good quality urban environment and encourages adherence to good urban design principles in designing new development. In achieving this outcome, Clause 15.01-1S "Urban Design" aims to create a safe, healthy and functionable sense of place. The dwellings incorporate liveable spaces both inside and outside including open spaces that are suitable for a quality lifestyle. The passive nature of the layout will ensure that social inclusiveness is provided to residents.

#### 7. Conclusion

It is submitted that the above planning submission and supporting documentation demonstrate the application is in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Moira Planning Scheme. In summary the proposal:

- Is well-considered and in accordance with relevant provisions of the Planning Scheme and local policies.
- Is of a scale, design, and siting that respects the established neighbourhood character of the area and environmental landscape values of the land.
- Responds appropriately to the provisions of the General Residential Zone (GRZ1), and other related provisions for a multi-unit development.

It is therefore submitted that a permit should be issued for the use and development of land for eight (8) units.

## Appendix 1\_ CLAUSE 55 ASSESSMENT

55.02-1 Neighbourhood Character	Standard B1	Met	Comments
To ensure that the design respects the existing neighbourhood	The design response must be appropriate to the neighbourhood and the site.	Yes	The site is located in an established residential area of Numurkah. The predominant built form in town is a combination of single dwellings on
character or contributes to neighbourhood	The proposed design must respect the existing or preferred neighbourhood character and respond to the features of the site	Yes	large allotments.
character.  To ensure that development responds to the	the site		The proposal has been designed to maximise integration with Saxton Street, with generous setbacks consistent with adjoining and nearby dwellings.
features of the site and the surrounding area			The architectural style and built form of the existing residential development in the surrounding area is varied and typically detached dwellings.
			The dwellings are considered to be designed in a site responsive manner with generous site coverage and adequate landscaping opportunities.
			The dwellings will also feature materials which will be in accord with the streetscape.
			On balance, the proposed development is site responsive and will make efficient use of the site.

55.02-2 Residential	Standard B2		There is no preferred character specifically identified in the planning scheme.  The existing character has been considered within the immediate locality which is generally residential.
Policy	Standard B2	Met	Comments
To ensure that residential development is provided in accordance with any policy for housing in the State Planning Policy Framework and the Local Planning Policy Framework, including the Municipal Strategic Statement and local planning policies.	An application must be accompanied by a written statement to the satisfaction of the responsible authority that describes how the development is consistent with any relevant policy for housing in the State Planning Policy Framework and the Local Planning Policy Framework, including the Municipal Strategic Statement and local planning policies.	Yes	Please refer to the Section 5.2 of the Planning Report submitted.  The proximity of the property to available infrastructure and public transport supports the proposed density of housing proposed.
To support medium densities in areas where development can take advantage of public transport and community infrastructure and services			
55.02-3 Dwelling Diversity	Standard B3	Met?	Comments
To encourage a range of dwelling sizes and types in	Developments of ten or more dwellings should provide a range of dwelling sizes and types, including:	N/A	The application is for eight dwellings (units). A variety of 3 housing sizes are being proposed.

developments of ten or more dwellings	<ul> <li>Dwellings with a different number of bedrooms.</li> <li>At least one dwelling that contains a kitchen, bath or shower, and a toilet and wash basin at ground floor level.</li> </ul>		
55.02-4 Infrastructure	Standard B4	Met?	Comments
To ensure development is provided with appropriate utility services and	Development should be connected to reticulated services, including reticulated sewerage, drainage, electricity and gas, if available.	Yes	The site is connected to all utility services and will not unreasonably overload the capacity.
infrastructure.  To ensure	Development should not unreasonably exceed the capacity of utility services and infrastructure, including reticulated services and roads.	Yes	
development does not unreasonably overload the capacity of utility services and infrastructure.	In areas where utility services or infrastructure have little or no spare capacity, developments should provide for the upgrading of or mitigation of the impact on services or infrastructure.	Yes	
55.02-4 Integration With The Street	Standard B5	Met?	Comments
To integrate the layout of development with the street	Developments should provide adequate vehicle and pedestrian links that maintain or enhance local accessibility.	Yes	Each dwelling is orientated towards proposed vehicle access.
	Development should be oriented to front existing and proposed streets	Yes	Clear pedestrian access is provided to the dwelling entries, with open landscaped front setbacks.
	High fencing in front of dwellings should be avoided if practicable	Yes	
	Development next to existing public open space should be laid out to complement the open space.	Yes	

55.03-1 Street	Standard B6	Met?	Comments
Setback			
To ensure that the	Walls of buildings should be set back from	Yes	The front setback on the adjoining
setbacks of buildings	streets the distance specified below:	163	allotments facing the same street as
from a street respect	streets the distance specified below.		the subject site are 6.51m (126
the existing or	There is an existing building on both the		Saxton) and 6.0m (120 Saxton). The
preferred	abutting allotments facing the same		average being 6.255m. The proposed
neighbourhood	street, and the site is not on a corner.		setback for Unit 1 and 8 is 6.0m.
character and make	The guarage distance of the cethodic of		Consideration is sought from Council
efficient use of the	The average distance of the setbacks of the front walls of the existing buildings on		to allow a variation to the setback. A
site	the abutting allotments facing the front		reduction of 0.255m is requested.
	street or 9 metres, whichever is the lesser.		
	There is an existing building on one		
	abutting allotment facing the same street		
	and no existing building on the		
	other abutting allotment facing the same		
	street, and the site is not on a corner:		
	·		
	■ The same distance as the		
	setback of the front wall of the existing building on the abutting		
	allotment facing the front street		
	or 9 metres, whichever is the		
	lesser.		
	There is no existing building on either of		
	the abutting allotments facing the same street, and the site is not on a corner.		
	street, and the site is not on a corner.		
	6 metres for streets in a Road Zone,		
	Category 1, and 4 metres for other		
	streets.		
	The site is on a corner.		
	Min front setback if there is a building on		
	the abutting allotment facing the front		
	street, the same distance as the setback		
	of the front wall of the existing building		
	on the abutting allotment facing the front		
	street or 9 metres, whichever is the lesser.		
	Min front setback if there is no building		
	on the abutting allotment facing the front		
	street, 6 metres for streets in a Road		

	Zone, Category 1, and 4 metres for other streets.  Front walls of new development fronting the side street of a corner site should be setback at least the same distance as the setback of the front wall of any existing building on the abutting allotment facing the side street or 3 metres, whichever is the lesser.  Side walls of new development on a corner site should be setback the same distance as the setback of the front wall of any existing building on the abutting allotment facing the side street or 2 metres, whichever is the lesser.  Porches, pergolas and verandahs that are	Yes	The front porches for units 1 and 8
	< 3.6m high and eaves may encroach ≤ 2.5m into the setbacks of this standard		encroach less than 3.6m high and eaves are less than 2.5m into the setback.
55.03-2 Building Height	Standard B7	Met?	Comments
To ensure that the height of buildings respects the existing or preferred neighbourhood character	The maximum building height should not exceed 9 metres, unless the slope of the natural ground level at any cross section wider than 8 metres of the site of the building is 2.5 degrees or more, in which case the maximum building height should not exceed 10 metres.	Yes	The proposal complies with the maximum height limit of the zone. The maximum height of the eight dwellings is less than 9.0 metres.
	Changes of building height between existing buildings and new buildings should be graduated.	N/A	
55.03-3 Site Coverage	Standard B8	Met?	Comments
To ensure that the site coverage respects the existing or preferred neighbourhood character and	The site area covered by buildings should not exceed 60 percent	Yes	The site coverage is 45 percent.

responds to the features of the site			
55.03-4 Permeability	Standard B9	Met?	Comments
To reduce the impact of increased stormwater run-off on the drainage system  To facilitate on-site	The site area covered by the permeable surfaces should be at least 20% of the site	Yes	The permeable areas available equate to 32 percent.
infiltration	The stormwater management system should be designed to:  • Meet the current best practice performance objectives for stormwater quality as contained in the Urban Stormwater - Best Practice Environmental Management Guidelines (Victorian Stormwater Committee, 1999).  • Contribute to cooling, improving local habitat and providing attractive and enjoyable spaces.	Yes	Stormwater Management Plan will be approved in accordance with the infrastructure design manual.
55.03-5 Energy Efficiency	Standard B10	Met?	Comments

To achieve and protect energy efficient dwellings and residential buildings	Orientated to make appropriate use of solar energy     Sited and designed to ensure that the energy efficiency of existing dwellings on adjoining lots is not unreasonably reduced	Yes	The open space areas enjoy a northerly aspect ensuring that the dwellings will receive excellent solar access from all open space areas and internal living areas.
To ensure the orientation and layout of development reduce fossil fuel energy use			The proposed dwellings have been sited to ensure that energy efficiency will not be impacted to dwellings on adjoining lots.
and make appropriate use of daylight and solar energy	Living areas and private open space should be located on the north side of the development if practicable	Yes	Where possible, private open space has been located to the north.
Chergy	Developments should be designed so that solar access to north-facing windows is maximised	Yes	Where possible, the design provides solar access to the north facing windows.
	<ul> <li>Meet the current best practice performance objectives for stormwater quality as contained in the Urban Stormwater - Best Practice Environmental Management Guidelines (Victorian Stormwater Committee, 1999).</li> <li>Contribute to cooling, improving local habitat and providing attractive and enjoyable spaces.</li> </ul>	Yes	The stormwater management system will be provided in accordance with the infrastructure design manual.
55.03-6 Open Space	Standard B11	Met?	Comments
To integrate the layout of the development with any public and communal open space provided in or adjacent to the development	<ul> <li>If any public or communal open space is provided on site, it should:</li> <li>Be substantially fronted by dwellings, where appropriate</li> <li>Provide outlook for as many dwellings as practicable</li> <li>Be designed to protect any natural features on the site</li> <li>Be accessible and useable</li> </ul>	Yes	The unit development includes common property.

55.03-7 Safety	Standard B12	Met?	Comments
To ensure the layout of development provides for the safety and security of	Entrances to dwellings should not be obscured or isolated from the street and internal accessways	Yes	Each dwelling will have an individual entry point. From the common property access.
residents and property	Planting which creates unsafe spaces along streets and accessways should be avoided	Yes	A landscaping plan has been prepared and addresses visibility and safety
	Developments should be designed to provided good lighting, visibility and surveillance of car parks and internal accessways	Yes	issues.  Safe, secure and convenient access is
	Private spaces within developments should be protected from inappropriate use as public thoroughfares	Yes	provided to each dwelling.
			The open frontages and large windows to the street also provide for passive surveillance.
55.03-8 Landscaping	Standard B13	Met?	Comments
To encourage development that respects the landscape character of the neighbourhood  To encourage development that maintains and enhances habitat for plants and animals in locations of habitat importance  To provide appropriate	<ul> <li>Protect any predominant landscape features of the neighbourhood</li> <li>Take into account the soil type and drainage patterns of the site</li> <li>Allow for intended vegetation growth and structural protection of buildings</li> <li>In locations of habitat importance, maintain existing habitat and provide for new habitat for plants and animals</li> <li>Provide a safe, attractive and functional environment for residents</li> <li>Development should provide for the retention or planting of trees, where these are part of the character of the neighbourhood</li> </ul>	Yes	The proposal provides adequate areas for landscaping within the front setback to enhance the existing and proposed neighbourhood character.  The front setback landscaping will also complement the road reserve landscaping, contributing to the overall landscape character of the development.
appropriate landscaping	Development should provide for the replacement of any significant trees that	Yes	

To encourage the retention of mature vegetation on the site	have been removed in the 12 months prior to the application being made  The landscape design should specify landscape themes, vegetation (location and species), paving and lighting	Yes	
55.03-9 Access	Standard B14	Met?	Comments
To ensure the number and design of vehicle crossovers respects the neighbourhood character	The width of accessways or car spaces should not exceed:  • 33% of the street frontage, or  • if the width of the street frontage is less than 20m, 40% of the street frontage  No more than one single-width crossover should be provided for each dwelling	Yes	The access ways provided allow for safe and efficient vehicle movements to and from the subject site.  The proposed carports are located to the side of the dwellings with access to the common property driveway.
	The location of crossovers should maximize the retention of on-street car parking spaces	Yes	
	The number of access point to a road in a Road Zone should be minimised	Yes	
	Developments must provide access for service, emergency and delivery vehicles	Yes	
55.03-10 Parking Location	Standard B15	Met?	Comments
To provide convenient parking for resident and visitor vehicles  To protect residents from vehicular noise within developments	Car parking facilities should:     Be reasonably close and convenient to dwellings and residential buildings     Be secure     Be well ventilated if enclosed	Yes	Each dwelling is provided with covered parking for one vehicle, with vehicle access from common property access.  All vehicle entry and egress points are designed to allow for safe and efficient vehicle movements.
	Shared accessways or car parks of other dwellings and residential buildings should be located at least 1.5m from the	Yes	A variation in the setback for units 2, 3, 6 and 7 is requested to enable 1.0m

windows of habitable rooms. This setback	given that the proposed window sills
may be reduced to 1m where there is a	are over 1.4m above the accessway.
fence at least 1.5m high or where window	
sills are at least 1.4m above the	
accessway	

55.04-1 Side And Rear Setback	Standard B17	Met?	Comments
To ensure that the height and setback of a building from a boundary respects the existing or preferred neighbourhood	A new building not on or within 200mm of a boundary should be set back from side or rear boundaries 1 metre, plus 0.3 metres for every metre of height over 3.6 metres up to 6.9 metres, plus 1 metre for every metre of height over 6.9 metres.	Yes	A variation in the side setback for unit 1 is requested. The required setback is 1.315m, however we have requested it to be allowed at 1.02m due to the low point of the skillion roof being on this elevation. The setback would remain greater than
character and limits the impact on the amenity of existing dwellings	A new building not on or within 200mm of a boundary should be setback from side or rear boundaries 1m, plus 0.3m for every metre of height over 3.6m up to 6.9m, plus 1m for every metre of height over 6.9m	Yes	the side setback on the neighbouring property and visually appear to be open as viewed from the street due to the slope of the skillion roof.
	Sunblinds, verandahs, porches, eaves, fascias, gutters, masonry chimneys, flues, pipes, domestic fuel or water tanks, and heating or cooling equipment or other services may encroach not more than 0.5m into the setbacks of this standard	Yes	
	Landings having an area of not more than 2sqm and less than 1m high, stairways, ramps, pergolas, shade sails and carports may encroach into the setbacks of this standard	Yes	
55.04-2 Wall On Boundaries	Standard B18	Met?	Comments
To ensure that the location, length and height of a wall on a boundary respects	A new wall constructed on or within 200mm of a side or rear boundary of a lot or a carport constructed on or within 1 metre of a side or rear boundary of a lot	Yes	A party wall is proposed for units 2, 3, 6 & 7.

the existing or	should not abut the boundary for a length		
preferred	of more than:		
neighbourhood	oj more man.		
_	10 metres plus 25 per cent of the		
character and limits	remaining length of the boundary of an		
the impact on the	adjoining lot, or		
amenity of existing	dajonning lot, of		
dwellings	Where there are existing or		
	simultaneously constructed walls or		
	carports abutting the boundary on an		
	abutting lot, the length of the existing or		
	simultaneously constructed walls or		
	,		
	carports,		
	whichever is the greater.		
	A new wall constructed on or within	Yes	
	200mm of a side or rear boundary of a lot		
	or a carport constructed on or within 1m		
	of a side or rear boundary of a lot should		
	not abut the boundary for a length of		
	more than:		
	more enam		
	10m plus 25% of the remaining length of		
	the boundary of an adjoining lot,or		
	Where there are existing or		
	simultaneously constructed walls or		
	carports abutting the boundary on an		
	abutting lot, the length of the existing or		
	simultaneously constructed walls or		
	carports,		
	•		
	whichever is the greater.		
	A new wall or carport may fully abut a	Yes	
	side or rear boundary where slope and		
	retaining walls or fences would result in		
	the effective height of the wall or carport		
	being less than 2 metres on the abutting		
	property boundary.		
		.,	
	The height of a new wall constructed on	Yes	
	or within 200mm of a side or rear		
	boundary or a carport constructed on or		
	within 1 metre of a side or rear boundary		
	should not exceed an average of 3.2		

metres with no part higher than 3.6 metres unless abutting a higher existing or simultaneously constructed wall.		
Standard B19	Met?	Comments
Buildings opposite an existing habitable room window should provide for a light court to the existing window that has a minimum area of 3sqm and minimum dimensions of 1m clear to the sky. The calculation of the area may include land on the abutting lot	Yes	Daylight into existing habitable windows will be achieved for the proposed design.
Walls or carports more than 3m in height opposite an existing habitable room window should be set back from the window at least 50% of the height of the new wall if the wall is within a 55° arc from the centre of the existing window. The arc may be swung to within 35° of the plane of the wall containing the existing window	Yes	
Where the existing window is above ground floor level, the wall height is measured from the floor level of the room containing the window  Refer to Diagram B2		
Standard B20	Met?	Comments
If a north-facing habitable window of an existing dwelling is within 3m of a boundary on an abutting lot, a building should be setback from the boundary 1m, plus 0.6m for every metre of height over 3.6m up to 6.9m, plus 1m for every metre of height over 6.9m, for a distance of 3m from the edge of each side of the window.  A north-facing window is a window with	Yes	Where possible, adequate solar access is available to north facing windows.
	metres unless abutting a higher existing or simultaneously constructed wall.  Standard B19  Buildings opposite an existing habitable room window should provide for a light court to the existing window that has a minimum area of 3sqm and minimum dimensions of 1m clear to the sky. The calculation of the area may include land on the abutting lot  Walls or carports more than 3m in height opposite an existing habitable room window should be set back from the window at least 50% of the height of the new wall if the wall is within a 55° arc from the centre of the existing window. The arc may be swung to within 35° of the plane of the wall containing the existing window  Where the existing window is above ground floor level, the wall height is measured from the floor level of the room containing the window  Refer to Diagram B2  Standard B20  If a north-facing habitable window of an existing dwelling is within 3m of a boundary on an abutting lot, a building should be setback from the boundary 1m, plus 0.6m for every metre of height over 3.6m up to 6.9m, plus 1m for every metre of height over 6.9m, for a distance of 3m from the edge of each side of the window.	metres unless abutting a higher existing or simultaneously constructed wall.  Standard B19  Met?  Buildings opposite an existing habitable room window should provide for a light court to the existing window that has a minimum area of 3sqm and minimum dimensions of 1m clear to the sky. The calculation of the area may include land on the abutting lot  Walls or carports more than 3m in height opposite an existing habitable room window should be set back from the window at least 50% of the height of the new wall if the wall is within a 55° arc from the centre of the existing window. The arc may be swung to within 35° of the plane of the wall containing the existing window  Where the existing window is above ground floor level, the wall height is measured from the floor level of the room containing the window  Refer to Diagram B2  Standard B20  Met?  If a north-facing habitable window of an existing dwelling is within 3m of a boundary on an abutting lot, a building should be setback from the boundary 1m, plus 0.6m for every metre of height over 3.6m up to 6.9m, plus 1m for every metre of height over 3.6m up to 6.9m, for a distance of 3m from the edge of each side of the window.  A north-facing window is a window with

	oriented north 20 degrees west to north 30 degrees east. Refer to Diagram B3		
55.04-5 Overshadow Open Space	Standard B21	Met?	Comments
To ensure buildings do not significantly overshadow existing secluded private open space	Where sunlight to secluded private open space of an existing dwelling is reduced, at least 75%, or 40sqm with minimum dimension of 3m, whichever is the lesser area, of the secluded private open space should receive a minimum of five hours of sunlight between 9am and 3pm on 22 September	Yes	The proposal does not result in overshadowing to neighbouring lots.
	If existing sunlight to the secluded private open space of an existing dwelling is less than the requirements of this standard, the amount of sunlight should not be further reduced	Yes	
55.04-6 Overlooking	Standard B22	Met?	Comments
To limit views into existing secluded private open space and habitable room windows	A habitable room window, balcony, terrace, deck or patio should be located and designed to avoid direct views into the secluded private open space of an existing dwelling within a horizontal distance of 9m (measured at ground level) of the window, balcony, terrace, deck or patio. Views should be measured within a 45° angle from the plane of the window or perimeter of the balcony, terrace, deck or patio, and from a height of 1.7m above the floor level	Yes	No overlooking is caused by the proposed development. All window are screened where required.
	A habitable room window, balcony, terrace, deck or patio with a direct view into a habitable room window of an existing dwelling within a horizontal distance of 9m (measured at ground level) of the window, balcony, terrace, deck or patio should be either:	Yes	

	<ul> <li>offset a minimum of 1.5m from the edge of one window to the edge of the other</li> <li>have sill heights of at least 1.7m above floor level</li> <li>have fixed, obscure glazing in any part of the window below 1.7m above floor level</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>have permanently fixed external screens to at least 1.7m above floor level and be no more than 25% transparent</li> </ul>		
	Obscure glazing in any part of the window below 1.7m above floor level may be openable provided that there are no direct views as specified in this standard	Yes	
	<ul> <li>Screens used to obscure a view should be:</li> <li>perforated panels or trellis with a maximum of 25% openings or solid translucent panels</li> <li>permanent, fixed and durable</li> <li>designed and coloured to blend with the development</li> </ul>	Yes	
55.04-7 Internal Views	Standard B23	Met?	Comments
To limit views into the secluded private open space and habitable room windows of dwellings and residential buildings within a development	Windows and balconies should be designed to prevent overlooking of more than 50% of the secluded private open space of a lower-level dwelling or residential building directly below and within the same development	Yes	Windows will be screened in accordance with the standard if necessary, as indicated on the elevations to avoid internal view lines.
55.04-8 Noise Impacts Objective	Standard B24	Met?	Comments
To contain noise sources in developments that may affect existing	Noise sources, such as mechanical plant, should not be located near boundaries of immediately adjacent existing dwellings	Yes	There are no potential noise sources.
dwellings	Noise sensitive rooms and secluded private open spaces of new dwellings and residential buildings should take account	Yes	

	of noise sources on immediately adjacent properties		
To protect residents			
from external noise	Dwellings and residential buildings close	Yes	
	to busy roads, railway lines or industry		
	should be designed to limit noise levels in		
	habitable rooms		

55.05-1 Accessibility	Standard B25	Met?	Comments
To encourage the consideration of the needs of people with limited mobility in the design of developments	The dwelling entries of the ground floor of dwellings and residential buildings should be accessible or able to be easily made accessible to people with limited mobility.	Yes	All dwelling entries are located on the ground floor.
55.05-2 Dwelling Entry	Standard B26	Met?	Comments
To provide each dwelling or residential building with its own sense of identity	<ul> <li>Entries to dwellings and residential buildings should:</li> <li>be visible and easily identifiable from streets and other public areas</li> <li>provide shelter, a sense of personal address and a transitional space around the entry</li> </ul>	Yes	Each dwelling entry contains an individual pedestrian accessway, porch and large front door which makes the entries easily identifiable.
55.05-3 Daylight To New Windows	Standard B27	Met?	Comments
To allow adequate daylight into new habitable room windows	<ul> <li>A window in a habitable room should be located to face:</li> <li>an outdoor space or a light court with a minimum area of 3sqm and minimum dimension of 1m clear to the sky, not including land on an abutting lot, or</li> <li>a verandah provided it is open for at least one third its perimeter, or</li> </ul>	Yes	All habitable room windows are provided with a light court clear to the sky.

55.05-4 Private Open Space	a carport provided it has two or more open sides and is open for at least one third of its perimeter  Standard B28	Met?	Comments
To provide adequate private open space for the reasonable recreation and service needs of residents	A dwelling or residential building should have private open space:  • an area of 40sqm, with one part secluded at the side or rear with a min area of 25sqm, a min dimension of 3m and convenient access from a living room, or  • a balcony of 8sqm with a min width of 1.6m and convenient access from a living room, or  • a roof-top area of 10sqm with a min width of 2m and convenient access from a living room	Yes	All dwellings are provided with private open space areas that exceeds the minimum requirement of Standard B28. Please refer to the plans for areas and dimensions.  Units 4 and 5 SPOS is not directly accessed via the living room, however POS is accessed directly which is an alfresco area which is connected to the SPOS and considered to be reasonable access. All other units are accessed directly from the living room to the SPOS.
55.05-5 Solar Access To Open Space	Standard B29	Met?	Comments
To allow solar access into the secluded private open space of new dwellings and residential buildings	The private open space should be located on the north side of the dwelling or residential buildings  The southern boundary of secluded private open space should be set back from any wall on the north of the space at least (2 + 0.9h) metres, where 'h' is the height of the wall	Yes	The private open space areas are orientated to the north to allow for maximum solar access to the open space area and the internal living areas of the dwellings.
55.05-6 Storage	Refer to Diagram B29 Standard B30	Met?	Comments
To provide adequate storage facilities for each dwelling	Each dwelling should have convenient access to at least 6m³ of externally accessible, secure storage space	Yes	Storage is capable of being provided within the garages of each dwelling.

55.06-1 Design Detail	Standard B31	Met?	Comments
To encourage design detail that respects the existing or preferred neighbourhood character	The design of buildings, including:  • Facade articulation and detailing, • Window and door proportions, • Roof form, and • Verandahs, eaves and parapets, should respect the existing or preferred neighbourhood character.  Garages and carports should be visually	Yes	The dwellings provide well-articulated facades, utilising quality materials and finishes.  The proposal will provide a contemporary High-density development which responds to the existing and future character of the Numurkah township. The dwellings are visually compatible with the
	compatible with the development and the existing or preferred neighbourhood character		existing approved residential development.
55.06-2 Front Fences	Standard B32	Met?	Comments
To encourage front fence design that respects the existing or preferred neighbourhood	The design of front fences should complement the design of the dwelling and any front fences on adjoining properties	N/A	There is no front fencing proposed however internal fencing between dwellings will be 1.8m high Colourbond fences with timber plinth.
character	<ul> <li>A front fence within 3m of a street should not exceed:</li> <li>Streets in a Road Zone – 2m</li> <li>Other Streets – 1.5m</li> </ul>	N/A	
55.06-3 Common Property	Standard B33	Met?	Comments
To ensure that communal open space, car parking,	Developments should clearly delineate public, communal and private areas	Yes	The common property is delineated through fencing of yards associated with each unit. There is also a paved driveway access and
access lanes and site facilities are practical, attractive and easily maintained  To avoid future management difficulties in areas of common ownership	Common property, should be functional and capable of efficient management	Yes	paved driveway access ar landscaping that is outside of th units and yards that is common property. The visitor car parking within the unfenced area whilst the carports define what is associated with the units and where the common property ends.
55.06-4 Site Service	Standard B34	Met?	Comments

To ensure that site	The design and layout of dwellings and	Yes	All -:
. S SIISAIC CITAL SILE	The design and layout of awenings and	103	All site services are provided for and
services can be	residential buildings should provide		conveniently located.
installed and easily	sufficient space (including easements		
maintained	where required) and facilities for services		
	to be installed and maintained efficiently		
To ensure that site	and economically		
facilities are	•		
accessible, adequate	Bin and recycling enclosures, mailboxes	Yes	
and attractive	and other site facilities should be		
	adequate in size, durable, waterproof and		
	blend in with the development		
	Bin and recycling enclosures should be	Yes	
	located for convenient access		
	Mailhayas shauld ba provided and leasted	Voc	
	·	162	
	Jor convenient access		
' '	and other site facilities should be adequate in size, durable, waterproof and blend in with the development  Bin and recycling enclosures should be		